**Figure Legends**

**Figure 1.** The putative gene responsible for reduced triclosan susceptibility in C7C4 clone identified by transposon mutagenesis. The name of mutant clones and the position of the transposons are indicated with orange triangles. The blue open arrowed boxes represent ORFs, pointing in the probable direction of transcription.

**Figure 2.** A.) The putative genes responsible for reduced susceptibility to CTAB identified by transposon mutagenesis. The name of mutant clones and the position of the transposons are indicated with orange triangles. The blue open arrowed boxes represent ORFs, pointing in the probable direction of transcription. The red arrows indicate the subcloning primers and their binding sites. The yellow lines indicate the size of amplicons amplified by the primers. B.) *gpi, galE, and gpi-galE* DNA fragments were amplified by PCR and visualised on 1% agarose gel. Lane M, HyperLadder™ 1kb (Bioline, United Kingdom). The size of products was 1727, 1078 and 2609 bp, respectively.

**Figure 3.** Minimum inhibitory concentration of CTAB (blue) and CPC (orange) against *E. coli*::pCC1BAC, *E. coli*::[pCC1BAC::A10F2] , *E. coli*::[pCC1BAC::*galE*], and *E. coli*::[pCC1BAC::*galE-gpi*] determined from three replicates of broth microdilution.

**Figure 4.**  The alignment of galE amino acid sequences from the A10F2 clone, *V. parvula* and *E. coli*. The red and blue boxes indicate the NAD binding site and substrate binding site, respectively. The black and grey shading indicate the base pairs with 100% and 80% conservation level.

**Figure 5.** The bar chart represents the amount of cytochrome *c* bound to pCC1BAC (blue) and *galE* (orange) *E. coli* at the cell density from OD600 of 1-7. The error bars represent standard deviation from three biological replicates. The asterisks indicate the statistically significantly different between the amount of cytochrome *c* bound to *E. coli*::pCC1BAC and *E. coli*::[pCC1BAC::*galE*] at each cell density with the *p-*value <0.05 (\*) and <0.005 (\*\*) determined by using t-test.

**Supplementary Figure 1.** The HindIII digestion products of A.) pCC1BAC::C7C4 and B.) pCC1BAC::A10F2 plasmids were separated on 1% agarose to determine the size of the DNA inserts. Lane M, Quick-Load® 1 kb Extend DNA Ladder (New England Biolabs, United Kingdom). The orange arrows indicate the size of DNA fragments.